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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/688,898	10/21/2003	David Schugar	3925	
43536	7590 10/18/2005		EXAMINER	
MUSKIN & CUSICK LLC 1800 CALLOWHILL ST			MOSSER, ROBERT E	
SUITE 200	WHILL SI		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PHILADELPI	HIA, PA 19130		3713	

DATE MAILED: 10/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/688,898	SCHUGAR, DAVID				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Robert Mosser	3713				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence addre	SS			
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period tire to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuting reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT e, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed (HS from the mailing date of this commuNDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status				,			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on			/			
2a)□	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	—· s action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa		ers, prosecution as to the me	erits is			
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application	ı .					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•					
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-3,7-17,22,23 and 25-30</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠	Di⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-6,18-21,24 and 31-34</u> is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-1	152.			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price		received in this National Sta	ge			
* *	application from the International Burea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
- 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not r	eceived.				
Attachmen	• •						
1) 🔼 Notic 2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Su Paper No(s)	ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date				
3) 🛛 Inforr	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>1-26-05</u> .		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152	<u>?</u>)			

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is non-final.

Claims 1-34 are pending.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement submitted January 26th, 2005 has been considered and a copy of such is attached.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim **14** recites the limitation "the betting squares" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-3, 7-9, 13-17, 22-23, 25-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haber (US 6,896,264).

Claims 1, 7, 15, 23, 28: Haber teaches a method and apparatus for a casino game including the display of a linear playing field including a first and second end (Figure 1, "Higher-Lower"), receiving a wager that the game outcome will be located at one of the two ends (Abstract), the determination of a game result based on the outcome of a random number generator utilizing the roll of dice (Elements 310, 350), and accounting for the wager based on the game result (Figure 3).

Haber is silent however regarding the explicit use of a "game piece" or puck for the indication of the current sate of the game and in it's stead utilizes "marking" (Col 3:47-59) and a display board (Col 4:4-18) for conveying the result of game outcomes to a player. The examiner gives official notice that use of a "game piece" or "puck" is extremely old and well known in the art of gaming for indicating recording game progress and state to the player(s). It would have been obvious tone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have utilized a game piece or puck in place of the game state indicators of Haber as taught above in order to provide an indicator in

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keeping the intended game theme or alternatively offer the player and readily recognizable visual reference proximate to subsequent game result locations.

Claims 2, 16, 29: Haber teaches an even payout when a wager is made in the center ("7" Figure 1A) however silent regarding the deduction of a house commission. The examiner gives official notice that the deduction of house commission or house rake is extremely old and well known in the art of gaming for it's use in ensuring a minimum house profit on a gaming table. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have incorporated a house commission in the game of Haber in order to ensure a minimum house take on the outcome of even a winning hand and thereby minimize house losses.

Claims 3, 9, 17, 30: Haber teaches appropriating payout amounts based on subsequent game outcomes (Col 3:1-8).

Claim 8: Haber teaches the use of table locations for the indication of wager placement (Col 3:47-59).

Claims 13, 22: Haber teaches a game progression including a game event wherein players are allowed to place and alter wagers (Figure 3, Col 3:5-8).

Claim 14: Haber teaches the inclusion of sequential number system as well as the use of unconventional dice however is silent regarding the inclusion of negative numbers. At the time of invention it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art of gaming to alter the sequential numeric range from a purely positive number system to one of a negative and positive because applicant has fail to disclose that the use of negative numbers provides a distinct

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advantage, serves a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art would have expected either the invention of Haber or the claimed invention of applicant to perform equally as the numbering system as so claimed by applicant is not cumulatively reliant so as to incorporate any separate utility to the claimed negative numbers not previously provided for by Haber.

Claims 25-27 Haber teaches allowing the player to play multiple bets/wagers and as such would allow a player to wager on all game outcomes thereby ensuring a player win implicitly greater then zero in at least one of a plurality of games.

Claims **10-12** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haber (US 6,896,264) in further view of Sink or Swim 9/16/2003 Black Box gaming.

Haber teaches the use of location to indicate respective player's wagers however is silent regarding the utilization of lines to indicate a respective player associated with a particular wager. In a related wagering game Sink or Swim teaches the use of a line system to indicate a respective player associated with a particular wager (Full Text). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have utilized the wager indication system of Sink or Swim in the invention of Haber in order to minimize chip movement across the gaming table during play and further allow the player to readily track current wagers.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims **4-6**, **18-21**, **24**, and **31-34** are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hiron (GB 2133992) teaches a board game apparatus.

Cohen (2005/0082757) teaches a method and apparatus for a dice game.

Robbins et al (US 4,334,685) teaches a three dice wagering game.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert Mosser whose telephone number is (571)-272-4451. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-4:30 Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Xuan M.Thai can be reached on (571) 272-7147. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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REM

CHANDAL HARRIS
PRIMARY EXAMINER